Minitest 1A - MTH 1410

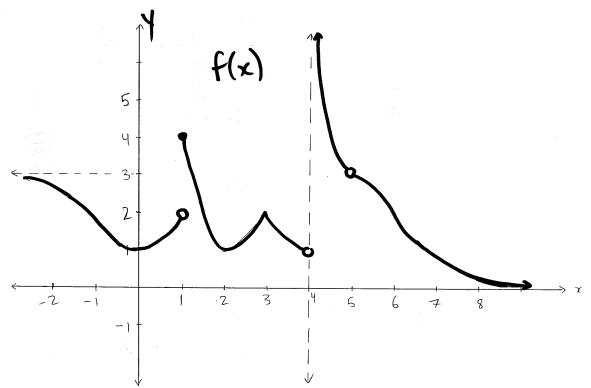
Dr. Graham-Squire, Spring 2013

| Name: | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| I pledge | e that I have n | either given no | or received a | ıny una | uthorized | assistance o | n this exam |
| _ | | | (signatu | re) | | | |

DIRECTIONS

- 1. Show all of your work and use correct notation. A correct answer with insufficient work or incorrect notation will lose points.
- 2. Clearly indicate your answer by putting a box around it.
- 3. Cell phones and computers are <u>not</u> allowed on this test. Calculators <u>are</u> allowed on the first 3 questions of the test, however you should still show all of your work. No calculators are allowed on the last 2 questions of the test.
- 4. Give all answers in exact form, not decimal form (that is, put π instead of 3.1415, $\sqrt{2}$ instead of 1.414, etc) unless otherwise stated.
- 5. Make sure you sign the pledge.
- 6. Number of questions = 5. Total Points = 35.

1. (6 points) Use the following graph to evaluate the expressions below.



(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 1} f(x) =$$

(b)
$$f(3) =$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to 4^{-}} f(x) =$$

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 5^+} f(x) =$$

(e)
$$f(5) =$$

(f)
$$\lim_{x \to (-\infty)} f(x)$$

2. (9 points) The following function f(x) is discontinuous at 3 different values of x.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-3}{x^2 - 9} & \text{if } x < 4\\ 2 & \text{if } x = 4\\ \frac{x}{28} & \text{if } x > 4 \end{cases}$$

- (a) What are the three x-values where f is discontinuous?
- (b) For each point of discontinuity, briefly explain why it is discontinuous. You must explain what part of the definition of continuity it fails in order to receive full points. A graph may help, but is not enough by itself.
- (c) At one of the x-values there is a vertical asymptote. Which one is it?

3. (4 points) Use a table of values to estimate each limit.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^-} \frac{\sin x}{x} =$$

(b) $\lim_{x \to 0^+} \frac{\cos x}{x} =$

4. (8 points) Calculate each limit. Explain your reasoning or show it mathematically. If the limit does not exist, explain (briefly) why.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to (-2)^-} \frac{x^2 + 2x}{x^2 + 4x + 4} =$$

(b) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^5 - 8}{x^2 - 13x^5} =$

5. (8 points) Use the definition of the derivative to calculate f'(2) for $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$.

Extra Credit(1 point) Calculate $\lim_{x\to 0} \sin \frac{\pi}{2}$.